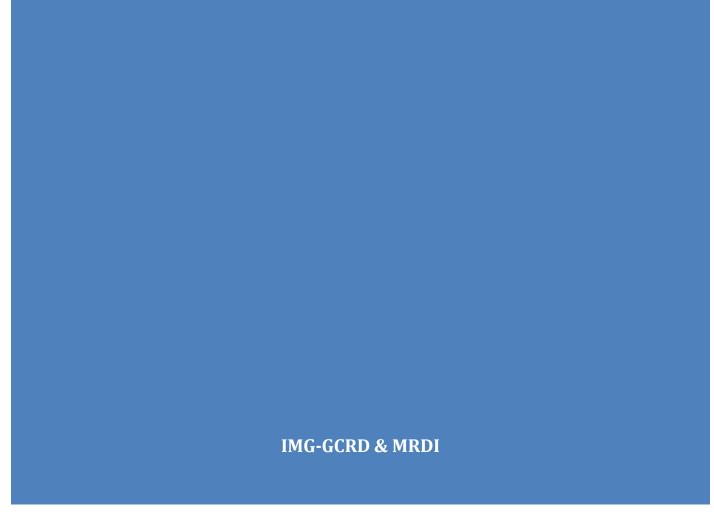


DETAILED MEASURE SHEETS FOR SUPPORTING THE MONITORING OF 2015-2017 REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM {RDP ANNEX #2. GUIDLINE FORM}



PRIORITY	PRIORITY 1. Improvement of Physical Infrastructure and Environmental	
	Protection	
Measure	1.1 Roads of international and national importance	
Rationale.	Improving condition of the country's road infrastructure is an important goal	
	for developing the economy of Georgia.	
Objectives	Increasing road capacity, decreasing journey times and the operating costs for	
	transport suppliers, increasing road safety.	
Activities	- Construction, rehabilitation and maintenance of both international and	
	national roads - Observing set technical standards and expected traffic volume.	
Project	Transit directions, roads to regional and district centers, densely populated	
Selection	villages, tourist routes	
Criteria		
Target	- Increasing mobility of passengers and reduction of transport costs	
Areas,	- Rehabilitation of damaged roads and their further maintenance	
Groups,	- increasing transit potential and promoting country's economic development	
Sectors	as a result of improved road infrastructure	
	- Improving traffic safety	
Indicators	Outputs: Result:	
& Targets	Construction activity (km) on Improve of international and regional	
	highways mobility across the country	
	 Rehabilitation - periodic repair works , road length By the end of 2017, the average travel time from Tbilisi to Batumi will decrease 	
	repair works , road length time from Tbilisi to Batumi will decrease (km) from 5:45 to 5 h	
Financial	value by year: Budget Code	
Summary	• 2015 – 557.2 m GEL	
	 2016 – 509.4 m GEL 2017 – 828.6 m GEL 25 02 02 07) 25 02 03 	
	2017 - 020.0 III GEL	
Implement	MRDI, Roads Department (RD) and Investment Centre of Eurasia Transport	
ing Body	Corridor (ICETC)	
Contact	Pavle Gamkrelidze - MRDI/Roads Department of Georgia	
PRIORITY	1. Improvement physical infrastructure and environmental protection	
Measure	1.2 Solid Waste Management	
Objectives	Reduce the negative impact of solid waste on the environment and on human	
	health; Support formation of afficient solid waste management system	
	Support formation of efficient solid waste management system.	

Rationale	The conditions of landfills have been very poor and the process of solid waste management has been ineffective for many years not only in rural areas but in large towns in Georgia. The situation of existing municipal waste landfills was especially poor .Usually waste has been dumped in nearby rivers and ravines ;in majority of villages the same practice has been observed. This negatively affects the environment and human health creates unfavorable conditions for living and recreation, and for using regions' tourism potential	
Activities	 Develop a landfill management system having ecological, financial and economic effect; Construction/management of the new regional sanitary landfills according to the international standards; Develop and implement the projects for improving existing landfills (for example internal infrastructure of landfills: roads and &weighbridges, operator booth, fire-prevention shield, placement of waste, compact and cover with insulation layer and etc.) Gradually prepare and implement existing landfills' compliance plan, based on the assessment of the risk level it may have on environment and health. Identify, close and remediate the existing non-hazardous waste landfills posing risk on environment and health Complete study of potential of energy recovery from existing landfills and facilitate its utilization; 	
Project	Level of environment and health risk based on the assessment of existing	
Selection Criteria	municipal landfill;	
Griteria	 New regional landfill Area, climate and geographical conditions and capacity; Density and economic activity of population living in the municipality; 	
	 Tourism development potential in the region or in the municipality 	
Target Areas, Groups, Sectors	 Municipal sites (except Adjara and Tbilisi) All Regions Population Local governmental and non- 	
	governmental and business sector	
Indicators & Targets	 Outputs: Number of improved/rehabilitated sites Number of sites suspended Number of old sites closed Number of new regional sites 	By the end of 2017, the share of landfills with reduced negative impact environment and health will increase to 94 %
Financial Summary	 2015 - 18.1 mGEL 2016 - 7.7m GEL 2017 -13.5 m GEL 	 Budget Code 25 03 07 (2017 - 25 03 10) 25 03 08 (2017 - 25 03 11) 25 03 09 (2017 - 25 03 12)
Implement ing Body	Ministry of Regional Development and Infra Solid Waste Management Company	structure of Georgia
Contact	Lasha Mchedlidze – SWMC	

PRIORITY	1. Improvement of physical infrastructu	re and environmental protection
Measure	1.3 Construction and rehabilitation of w systems	rater supply and sewerage
Rationale	A substantial share of the population of Georgia's regions doesn't have access to 24 hours potable water supply and sewerage system. To provide these services development of infrastructure, construction and rehabilitation of water and wastewater systems, pumping stations and treatment facilities are needed.	
Objectives	Ensure functioning of water supply and sev standards in all regional centres and cities of water supply for the population.	= -
Activities	Water extraction, processing and supply designing, construction, installation, masupply and sewerage system; Manufactus sewerage system elements.	intenance and operation of water
Project Selection Criteria	Needs assessment and condition of water a	and sewerage systems in the regions
Target Areas, Groups, Sectors	Big cities, tourist zones and 51 municipal co UWSCG is serving 58 cities, towns and tour	
Indicators & Targets	 Number of constructed and rehabilitated head works Number of constructed filtration facilities Number of metered new customers Length (in km) of rehabilitated or newly constructed water system pipes Number of new customers connected to the sewerage systems Targets: During 2015 -2017 projects are to be implemented in 7 cities/towns/settlements. 	 Population access to safe water supply increased from 25% in 2011 to 88% by 2019 Population access to 24-hr potable water supply increased from 74% in 2011 to 95% by 2019

Financial Summary	2015 - 135,4m GEL 2016 - 157.9m GEL 2017 - 180,5 m GEL	Budget Code 25 04 01 Kobuleti /MDF/EBRD/Oret 25 04 02 MDF (EIB, EU) 25 04 03 MDF (EIB, EU) 25 04 04 Sewage system MDF (SIDA) 25 04 05 MRDI/ABD 25 04 07 MRDI
Implementing Body	Ministry of Regional Development and Infrastructure of Georgia United Water Supply Company of Georgia	
Contact	Giorgi Archaia;	

PRIORITY	1. Improvement of Physical Infrastru	ucture and Environment Protection.
Measure	1.4 Natural Disaster Risk Reduction and Protection	
Rationale	Georgian territory is characterised by specific geological structure and natural conditions. Development – reactivation of geological processes, risk of dangerous geological processes and consequently natural disasters are frequent in Georgia. Such disasters significantly affect the economic development of the country, damaging infrastructure and causing serious human injury. For minimizing natural disaster possible effect on human health and ecosystem and the risk of economic losses it is essential to carry out prevention, rehabilitation and adaptation measures in the vulnerable areas. Such as: development of an early warning system to predict natural disasters, elaboration of the plan of preventive measures considering the specifics of a region and construct/rehabilitation of appropriate physical infrastructure.	
Objectives	 To increase the possibility for accurate forecast of natural hazards (Part of the Ministry of Environment and Natural Resources Protection of Georgia) To carry out preventive measures – construct/arrangement of appropriate infrastructure (part of the Ministry of Regional Development and Infrastructure of Georgia) 	
Activities	warning system;Elaboration of the plan of preve of regions;	atural disaster/hazards forecast early entive measures considering the specifics tect against natural hazards/disasters.
Project Selection Criteria	Based on analysis of developed geological processes most at-risk areas and infrastructure	
Target Areas, Groups, Sectors	Population on areas threatened the most by likely natural hazards/disasters, existing infrastructure, economic activity carried out on the territory.	
Indicators & Targets	 Analytical study (report) prepared in order to forecast likely natural hazards Developed natural disaster/hazards forecast early warning system (Number of vulnerable regions with the introduced system) Elaborated plan of preventive measures (number); 	 Results The number of inhabitants protected from the disaster by bank fortification works in 2 km buffer zones will increased permanently By the end of 2017, 23 thousands km of the banks will be protected Historical industrial polluted zones decontaminated, the territories are cleaned and the possible risk of pollution and the possible negative impact on health is minimal.

	 Infrastructural projects implemented against natural hazards (number) infrastructural projects implemented in the coastal zone in order to prevent natural hazards (number) Number of old contaminated sites, which territory is determined to decontaminate Area of the industrial decontaminated object territory 	
Financial	2015 – 26.2 m GEL	Budget Code
Summary	2016 -16.8 m GEL 2017 - 18.1 m GEL	25 02 02 05 25 02 02 07
	2017 10:1111 022	38 08
Implementing		Infrastructure of Georgia – infrastructural
Body	works.	
	National Environmental Agency Ministry of Environment and Natural P	esources Protection of Georgia - Analysis
Contact	Pavle Gamkrelidze – MRDI	esources i rotection of deorgia - Alidiysis
Contact		nment and Natural Resources Protection of
	Georgia; National Environmental Agency	
	Mariam Khvedelidze – National Environ	

PRIORITY	1. Improvement of Physical Infrastructure and Environment Protection.	
Measure	1.5 Georgia Forest Inventory and Implementation of a Stable Forestry Strategy	
Rationale	Forest area occupies about 40% of the territory of Georgia. Forests suffered tremendous loss due to illegal exploitation and the fire during Russian-Georgian war. However, a complete inventory of forest has not been carried out in the last 20 years so there is no detailed information about their conditions.	
Objectives	This measure aims to promote stable forest management and use to ensure fair and equal distribution of benefits among local communities.	
Activities	 Ensuring legal and methodological framework for the purpose of forest management effective system; Further development of forest resources management electronic system; Continuous training and professional development of the staff of the LEPL National Environment Agency; Meeting demand for wood resource (including firewood) and development of mechanisms for diverse use of forests; Implementation of forests maintenance and restoration; Implementation of measures necessary for institutional empowerment of the LEPL National Environment Agency for purposes of effective forest management and improvement of physical protection of forests; Implementation of forest inventory activities, creation of effective system for collecting data on forest condition, analysis and forest measures planning; Clarification of the forest fund territories by means of state forest fund registration; it will prevent fragmentation and reduction of the forest territory; 	
Project Selection Criteria	Determination of quantitative - qualitative condition of forests which will create a basis for sustainable forest management planning and its rational development. Also it will enable to plan appropriate measures and to observe on forest dynamics	
Target areas, groups, Sectors	Designated competent authorities for forest management; local population and other national and international organizations.	
Indicators &Targets	Outputs: • Legislative base established • Arranged temporary nurseries (ha)Planted area (ha) Results: • Information on the number and existing	

	 Planted Area (ha) Treated Forest Fund area (ha) to improve the forests' sanitary conditions and for reducing progression of pests and diseases Number of arranged and rehabilitated forest roads (km) Wood cutting area (cubic meters) allocated for meeting the population demand on wood resources (including firewood) Number of wood resources (cubic meters) issued by Logging tickets to ensure population and budget organisations with timber State Forest Fund area (ha) issued with the right to use Number of hectares registered (inventory taken) in the forest districts selected by priorities Number of forest districts having (new) forest management plans Number of special signs and information boards in fire- prone areas Number of fire prevention lanes and mineralized zones in fire-prone areas Number of regional forest districts equipped with primary fire inventory Number of trained staff of the 	condition of forests in Georgia is available • New standards in management of forests in Georgia applied • By the end of 2017, the area of inventoried forest /total forest fund of Georgia will be 18 %
Financial Summary	Forestry Agency Total Value by Year: 2015 -1.8mGEL 2016 - 3.2 m GEL 2017 - 4,3 m GEL	Budget Code 38 04 02 38 04 03 38 04 04 38 04 05
Implementing Body	Ministry of Environment and Natural Resources	 s Protection of Georgia
Contact Person:	Lia Komakhidze – National Forest Agency	

PRIORITY	2. Supporting the Development of SMEs and the Creation of New Jobs
Measure	2.1 Supporting business in Georgia's regions through institutional and programming activities.
Rationale	The majority of companies registered in Georgia are SMEs and most are based in Tbilisi. However, the contribution of SMEs to Georgia's output is quite small (16/17%). A lack of financial tools and insufficient funds for investment are common challenges for Georgia's SMEs.
Objectives	 To promote micro and small business development in Georgia. To stimulate local industrial and agricultural productivity.
Activities	 An "Enterprise Development Agency" has been established under the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development all activities of which are aimed at promoting entrepreneurial activities in Georgia, particularly in the following directions: Access to finances for SMEs; Increase of export potential of Georgian products Consulting service and knowledge delivery for improving the activities of companies The agency is also an implementer of the State program "Produce in Georgia". The program provides for promotion of activities of micro, small and medium enterprises through facilitating access to finances, to adequate infrastructure and through providing appropriate consulting services.
Project Selection Criteria	 "Produce in Georgia" industrial part: this programme is implemented in cooperation with National Bank of Georgia. The agency co-finances annual interest rate of the beneficiary during the first 2 years. The decision on approval of loan is the discretion of a commercial bank. In parallel with approval of loan the compliance of presented project with state programme framework guidelines is identified (purpose of the loan is implied) "Produce in Georgia" support to micro and small entrepreneurship: In case of the programme the projects are evaluated by contracted organization selected by state commission according to criteria defined by state programme
Target Areas, Groups, Sectors	The target groups and areas are defined according to specificity of a project. 1. "Produce in Georgia" industrial part: the programme is oriented on Legal Entities registered according to the law on entrepreneurship that are working in the following fields: processing of mineral products; production of construction materials; processing of paper, cardstock and wood; processing of iron; chemical production; pharmaceutical and textile production; mechanical engineering; production of electronic devices; production of mineral waters and other food products; development of hotel industry. 2. "Produce in Georgia" support to micro and small entrepreneurship: the programme is oriented on private entities registered according to the law on entrepreneurship. Within the programme the sphere of economic activity is not limited.

Indicators &	Outputs:	Results:
Targets	 Number of new enterprises Number of existing enterprises reequipped; Volume of loans issued by banks within the program Volume of total investment to be implemented Number of SMEs created in regions Number of new work places created Number of beneficiaries trained 	 By the end of 2017, the share of jobs created within the total employed in SME increases to 2.2 % Enterprises participated in the program will start exporting their production
Financial	2015 –12 m GEL	Budget Code
Summary	2016 - 39 m GEL 2017 -30 m GEL	24 01 03 02 (2017 - 24 07 02)
Implementing Body	Enterprise Development Agency	
Contact	Otar Antia - Enterprise Developme	ent Agency

PRIORITY	Priority 3: Rural development	
Measure	3.1 Improve Amelioration system management	
Rationale	In order to achieve objectives of the programme following steps should be undertaken: Restoration/rehabilitation of the existed irrigation and drainage systems and damaged reservoir dams. It is important to maintain the existing systems following the norm and standards. Step by step all the irrigation and drainage systems should reach their projected capacities.	
Objectives	This measure aims to improve irrigation water supply, to remove excess water from flooded areas, by maximum reduction of further development of such processes to increase the amelioration service area and create necessary conditions for grow and development of plants in the soil, which along with the use of modern agriculture technologies will ensure high quality and increased yields in order to guarantee food security of the local population and increase incomes in rural areas.	
Activities	Rehabilitation of Amelioration Infrastructure:	
Project Selection Criteria	Priority will be given to the channels and schemes located in regions with agriculture and agribusiness potential with clear cost recovery possibilities.	
Target Areas, Groups, Sectors Indicators & Targets	Farmers, land owners, village population and other water consumers. Outputs: Additional 44,400ha of irrigated land Improved water supply for additional 42, 900ha land Additionally about 33-37 thousand beneficiaries will irrigate land plots full time. The result of the measures for the drainage systems will be: Additional 18,600 ha of agriculture land under the proper drainage systems ready for cultivation Status of meliorated land will be improved on 7,400 ha.	
Financial Summary	2015 – 64,6 m GEL 2016 68.3 m GEL	

Implementing Body	The share of ameliorated area out of total drylands will increase to 45% by the end of 2017 The share of the area protected from the flood out of total floodplain and wetland will increase to 33% by the end of 2017 Ministry of Agriculture of Georgia (Ltd "United Amelioration systems Company of Georgia") Budget Code 37 01 14 01(2017 - 37 01 12 01) 37 01 03 37 01 14 03 (2017 - 37 01 12 04)	
Contact person	Shalva Kereselidze - Ministry of Agriculture of Georgia	
PRIORITY	Priority 3: Rural development	
Measure	 3.2 Improve access to finance Farmers and the enterprises have access to affordable loans and financial resources Co-financing food processing enterprises Assistance of the crop insurance program 	
Rationale	• Access to affordable finance is one of the most important factors in agriculture and agribusiness development. Competitiveness of the local farmers and companies is directly connected with the implementation of the modern technologies and practices. Both of them need financial resources. It is important for the GoG to support development of the affordable financing for the beneficiary farmers and agribusiness. It is impossible to do so without different financial instruments and tools. Along with the access to affordable finance and technologies it is important to mitigate the risks existing in agriculture, which can be achieved by developing a well – organised private insurance system.	
Objectives	This measure aims to increase access to finance possibilities for the small, medium, large scale farmers and farm groups. At the same time promotion of agriculture insurance and minimizing production – related risks. It will lead to the investments in modern technologies and commercially profitable agriculture.	
Activities	Financing production, processing and warehouse activities through the cheap loan programs using commercial financial institutions. Ministry of Agriculture will cover the interest rates of the loans (leasing) and participate in loan guarantee schemes. MoA will use the financial resources to pay interest for existed loans and loans (leasing) issued during the 2013-2014 calendar years. 2015 spring works will be financed additionally, small farmers to be able to grow annual and perennial crops. Agro- insurance project has been designed, have been formed contracts with insurance companies and the part of the insurance premium will be covered by the Government covers part of the insurance premium for farmers involved in primary production	

Target Areas, Groups, Sectors Indicators & Targets	 Agriculture projects are selected on the competitive bases. Preferences are given to the commercially viable and sustainable projects/ideas presented by the motivated entrepreneurs. Concerning the grant program priority is given to the entrepreneurs from economically less active municipalities with sound business plans and proposals. Funding will get all beneficiaries who participated in 2013- 2014 spring works program. All farmers engaged in primary production can take part in the insurance program. Project will be implemented on the national level; however special initiatives (like a grant program) will be focused on economically less active regions and municipalities. Outputs: At least 2500 new loans issued through the Cheap Credit program Creation and financing of no more than 3 new enterprises in one target municipality 283, 346 beneficiaries will get a fixed (20 GEL) amount benefit in the form of agricultural inputs, the total value of the program will be 8,695,304 GEL. 473,884 beneficiaries will get benefit valued by 8,529,912 GEL in the form of agricultural inputs and the same beneficiaries will get benefit valued by 37,053,484 GEL for land cultivation activities. Government will spend up to GEL 10,000,000 for the insurance program 						
Financial Summary	 2015 - 28.7 m GEL 2106 - 48.9m GEL 2017-50m GEL In case of loss farmers will get bac production costs The employment in the agricultur will be increased as the result of the program 						
Implementing Body	Ministry of Agriculture of Georgia (Agricultural Projects' Management Agency)	Budget Code 37 01 07					
Contact person	Shalva Kereselidze - Ministry of Agriculture of Georgia						
PRIORITY	Priority 3: Rural development						
Measure	3.3 Other Programs (Testing and distributing new varieties; development of cooperatives; food safety and development of wine industry)						
Rationale	Development of agriculture is connected studies, including trailing and adoption September 2014 DCFTA agreement states possibilities to the investors to product food products from Georgia to EU. Has safety is one of the most important to	ected with the research and scientific on of new varieties and cultivars. From tarted functioning that gives additional ce and export different agriculture and armonization of the legislation on food topics for farther expansion to the EU ace problems and they will be less					

	competitive to diversify marks	to and introduce modern technologies and				
	competitive to diversify markets and introduce modern technologies and product. For this purpose GoG wants to promote farm groups and cooperatives in order to guarantee scale and success both on the local and export markets. Wine production volumes are directly connected with the promotion and diversification to the new markets.					
Objectives	These activities aim to farther develop Georgian agriculture and increase opportunities related to the export market and product diversifications. It will lead to the investments in modern technologies and commercially profitable agriculture. It will also contribute to the competitiveness of the local small and medium scale farmers					
Activities	 Support scientific research activities Implementation of the food safety, phytosanitary and veterinary control measures; Promote farm groups and cooperatives; Georgian wine promotion campaign and market diversification activities 					
Project Selection Criteria	Project will be implemented on the national level; Selection will be made according to the opportunities related to the export, DCFTA and consolidation of farms.					
Target Areas, Groups, Sectors	,	Project will be implemented on the national level; Beneficiaries: National Food Agency; Research Centre, National Wine Agency;;				
Indicators & Targets	 Outputs: Number of Scientific studies Number of food and agribusiness enterprises monitored against food safety measures Number of research projects completed or in pipeline Number of events financed through the Georgian wine promotional campaign Number of agriculture cooperatives formed Number of tests conducted for food safety and quality control 	Results: Export of wine increased and market well diversified Number of functional farm cooperatives increased Decreased share of detected violations of food security norms out of all inspected documents/cases Number of deceases (rabies and anthrax) detected per 100,000 animals will decrease				

Financial	2015 - 152.9 m GEL Bud	dget Code				
Summary		01 05				
Juliani		01 08				
		01 17				
		01 14 02 (2017 - 37 01 12 03)				
	37					
	37					
	37					
Implement	Ministry of Agriculture of Georgia; Scientific	c - Research Centre: National food				
ing Body	Agency; Georgian National Wine Agency; Agricultural Cooperatives Development					
8 - 7	Agency; Agriculture Projects Management Agen	-				
Contact	Shalva Kereselidze - Ministry of Agriculture of (
DDIODIEN	Dui autus 2. Daniel daniel					
PRIORITY	Priority 3: Rural development					
Measure	3.4 Develop the agricultural land market					
Rationale	Currently land market in Georgia is not well	developed. Government of Georgia				
	(GoG) still controls significant acreage of agricu	-				
	Big portion of the land parcels owned by smal					
	registered. That limits possibilities of seconda	ry market development and private				
	investment in agriculture. GoG will redefine and	-				
	registration of agricultural land that would a					
	ownership rights to be registered. Securing l					
	secondary market will support investments in commercial agriculture.					
Objectives	This measure aims to contribute to the development agriculture land market,					
	promote consolidation of fragmented parcels and increase investments in					
	commercial agriculture					
Activities	Pilot project for land registration					
Project	A pilot region was selected with well-develo	pped or rehabilitated irrigation and				
Selection	drainage infrastructure to support private	e investments in agriculture and				
Criteria	agribusiness. This pilot program will stimulate	additional inflows of the capital. The				
	criteria for selecting a Pilot Project will be the g	geographic location and the diversity				
	of problems.					
Target	Location of the pilot projects was defined as: Ka					
Areas,	(municipality of Gurjaani); Arboshiki (municipa	1				
Groups,	(municipality of Dedoplistskaro); Salkhino					
Sectors	(municipality of Tetritskaro); Zaridzeebi (n					
	(municipality of Martvili); Lakhamula (mi					
	(municipality of Mtskheta); Mzisguli (munic	cipality of Sagaredjo); Shuakhevi (
	municipality of Shuakhevi).					
Indicators	Outputs:					
& Targets	 Legislation regarding ownership proposed 					
	Within the pilot project Land registration stra	ategy/rule book adopted				
	Results:	-				
	The land market regulations will be improved	d				
L	<u> </u>					

	1						
Financial Summary	2015 - 1.2 mGEL 2016 - 2.0 mln GEL 2017 - 2.4 mln GEL	26 09					
Implement	Ministry of Justice – LEPL National Agency	of Public Registry					
ing Body	Tamta Chanturia - Ministry of Justice – LEI	5 .					
PRIORITY	4 Tourism Development						
Measure	4.1 Tourism Development						
Rationale	One of Georgia's main assets is its potential However, no analysis has been carried or regions as tourist destinations and there assets. Promotion of Georgia as an international developed fashion and there are low or management and related services).	ut to evaluate the potential of Georgia's e is no consolidated database of tourist ational tourist destination is not managed verall levels of relevant skills (e.g. in hotel					
Objectives	This measure aims to support and promo industry.	te the development of Georgia's tourism					
Activities	 A study of each region's tourism reand natural resources Promotion of domestic and internation Development of a tourism informa Improvement of the quality of serven Development of small-scale tourism 	tion centres' network rice in tourism through training n infrastructure					
Project Selection Criteria	Selection will be based on the statu Administration	te of the Georgian National Lourism					
Target Areas, Groups, Sectors	Georgian and international travellers; Representatives of private sector						
Indicators	Outputs:	Results:					
& Targets	 Number of regional studies completed Number of information centres established 	Number of international travelers to Georgia will increase					
	 Number of training courses provided and participants Number and type of promotional activities undertaken Number of "tourism products" developed. 						
Financial Summary	• 2015 - 23 m GEL • 2016 - 25.1 m GEL • 2017 - 50 m GEL						
Implement ing Body	Georgian National Tourism Administration	1					
Contact	Rusudan Mamatsashvili - Georgian Nation	al Tourism Administration					
	I .						

PRIORITY	5 Improvement of Human Capital and D Educational Institutional Capacity at Su	——————————————————————————————————————				
Measure Rationale	Unemployment rate in Georgia is the most acute social-economic problem and country's most important challenge. It is necessary to create needed measures for the effective functioning of the Labour Market for reducing unemployment and assisting employment promotion. In order to have a general picture of the labour market, it is necessary to obtain a range of information and comparative analysis, which means conducting a labour market survey to determine the balance between labour supply and demand. Without conducting similar studies systematically and without the existence of a common information base, it is difficult to predict the demand for labour force					
Objectives	The goal of the survey is to preparattitude/demand of employers on labor employers, obtaining information on competences.	re detailed information on the ur market, study of the needs of				
Project Selection Criteria	 Creating adapted research instruments considering existing labor market conditions in Georgia Surveying sample of Georgian entrepreneurs using such instruments Processing and analysing the received data Introducing the results of the survey to business, government, media, scientific, academic and research institutions as well as NGOs and international organizations; Publishing a report on survey results; Publishing results on the web page. Sampling of entrepreneurs is based on widely used method, which envisages sampling of entrepreneurs by municipalities and field of activity. The information from each enterprise/economic sector should include: The volume of production The employment of different occupations The qualification requirements for current vacancies Detection of shortage problems regarding the provision of qualified labour Expectations regarding the number of employees in each occupation one 					
Target Areas, Groups, Sectors	Selected enterprises.					
Indicators & Targets	Outputs: • Labour Market Survey Prepared • Quality of information to jobseekers about demands the labour market will be improved • Opportunity of the State to prepare and implement lab					

		market policy (its role, priorities and activities)			
Financial Summary	Total Value by Year: 2015 - 0.8 m GEL 2016 - 0.3 m GEL 2017 - 0.3 m GEL	Budget Code 35 05 03			
Implementing Body	Ministry of Labour, Health and Social Affairs	of Georgia			
Contact	Giorgi Gamkrelidze - Ministry of Labour, Hea	lth and Social Affairs of Georgia			
PRIORITY	5 Improvement of Human Capital and Dev Educational Institutional Capacity at Sub-	-			
Measure	5.2 Rehabilitation of Existing Colleges, Co Staffing of New Regional VET Colleges	nstruction, Equipment and			
Rationale	According to recommendations of a Commission appointed on the order of the Minister of Education and Science in 2013, it has been decided to open 26 well-equipped vocational colleges meeting the socio-economic challenges existing in Georgian regions to provide a high quality service.				
Objectives	The objective is to provide high quality vocational training facilities throughout the country				
Activities	It is planned at the initial stage to establish at least one vocational college each year. In addition, efficiency of the existing colleges will be evaluated and reconciled their development plans to the regional needs. Rehabilitation of infrastructure and equipping of colleges are also envisaged.				
Project Selection Criteria	The selection of colleges for rehabilitation are the Ministry's Action Plan which identifies the years. The establishment of new VET colleges will additional resources from the private sector by the Ministry's own Strategy.	he priority actions for the coming be based upon the availability of			
Target Areas, Groups, Sectors	The location of the 26 new colleges has alrewill be dependent on the availability of private	5			
Indicators & Targets	 Outputs: Number of new colleges constructed/respecific regions; Number of existing colleges constructed in specific regions Results: Number of new students in VETs across 	/renovated, equipped and staffed			

Financial Summary	Total Value by Year: • 2015 – 12.9 m GEL • 2016 –10 m GEL • 2017 –16.0 m GEL	Budget Code 32 06 02 02					
Implementin g Body	Ministry of Education and Science of Georgia	,					
Contact	Natia Gvirjishvili - Ministry of Education and Scie	nce of Georgia					
PRIORITY	5 Improvement of Human Capital and Develop Educational Institutional Capacity at Sub-Nati						
Measure	5.3 Agriculture Related VET & Extension Systo	ems					
Rationale	of Georgia as the agriculture is the dominating so incomes for the rural population. An important el farming world is the development of a high qual that will provide farmers with the necessar productivity and income.	The Agricultural sector plays an important role in social and economic development of Georgia as the agriculture is the dominating source of financial and non-financial incomes for the rural population. An important element in providing support to the farming world is the development of a high quality training and extension system that will provide farmers with the necessary knowledge to increase their productivity and income					
Objectives	Development of a system of high quality vocational training and extension services in agriculture that will result in improved livelihoods of the rural population						
Activities	 1/8 VET colleges and 7 state Information Consultancy Centres will be assisted in the development and delivery of innovative, relevant and effective training programmes and advisory services. At least 10,000 farmers will have access to these systems. 2/ Systems to produce qualified human resources (multipliers) that can offer various types of trainings and services to farmers and capacitate them with knowledge and practical skill will be set up in close collaboration with national partners and other SDC projects. 3/ By bringing the strengths of the private and public sectors together the project will facilitate the setting up of a public private cooperation and 						
	partnership model for coordination and prov services in agriculture. Public and private sta strengthened, and cooperate under a nationa	keholders' capacities will be					

Project Selection Criteria	The project is designed based on consultations among SDC and UNDP and relevant national stakeholders					
Target Areas, Groups, Sectors	The most important public stakeholders include the MoA, MoES, TPDC, NEQEC¹, Municipalities, institutions of higher education, public VET colleges and the newly set up state Information Consultancy Centers for farmers					
Indicators & Targets	 Number of teachers trained in introducing vocational education and innovation; Number of supported projects to improve learning environment (infrastructure, training materials, and equipment) Number of VET colleges and Information Consultancy Centers having introduced effective and innovative learning programs in agriculture and can deliver extension service Number of agricultural sector service providers (farmers, veterinarians, 	 Share of trained VET teachers will increase Number of students attended VETs supported by the project will increase Number of trained farmers 				

¹ National Education Quality Enhancement Centre

	Z00-					
	technicians,					
	food					
	processors and					
	etc.)					
	• Creation of the					
	platform that					
	provides					
	participation					
	from public					
	and private					
	stakeholders					
	and ensures					
	coordination					
	and provision of VET and					
	consultative					
	services					
Financial	Total Value by	The resources are not allocated from the State Budget,				
Summary	Year:	no budget code				
	2015-1.5 mln GEL					
	2016-1.8 mln GEL					
	2017-0.9 mln GEL					
Implementing	1	n and Science of Georgia, Ministry of Agriculture of Georgia,				
Body		UNDP				
Contact	George Nanobashvili	George Nanobashvili - UNDP				
PRIORITY	_	Human Capital and Development of Vocational				
TRIORITI	Educational Institu	utional Capacity at Sub-National Level				
Measure	5.4 Training of VE	Γ Teachers and Continuous Professional Development				
		lucation Reform Strategy (2013 - 2020) the following was				
	=	ng and development of vocational education teachers,;				
Rationale		emic trainings in educational institutions to develop				
		cting new human resources; Keeping existing ones and				
	supporting professi	supporting professional development.				
Objectives	Improvement in the quality of teaching in VET schools					
	1					
	Long term trainings	for VET teachers and Short term subject related trainings				
		he Teachers' Professional Development Centre of the				
Activities	_	on and Science. Teachers have an opportunity to learn				
11ctivities	=	using modern technologies, teaching and share				
	successful teaching	practices.				

Project	The topic of each training will be def	ined based on professional standards and					
Selection Criteria	teachers' needs analysis.	•					
Target Areas,	Target group: All VET teachers						
Groups, Sectors	Beneficiary: Teachers' Professional Education and Science	Development Centre of the Ministry of					
Indicators & Targets	 Outputs: Formation of a system for VET teachers professional development Number of trainings conducted in accordance with the needs identified and number of teachers trained. Number of training conducted in a real working environment (enterprises, companies) and number of teachers trained. 	 Results: Number trained VET teachers will increase Quality of teaching and assessment process will improve 					
Financial Summary	Total Value by Year: 2015 - 13.2 mln GEL 2016 - 0.3 mln GEL 2017 - 0.3 mln GEL						
Implementing Body	National Center for Teacher Profes Education and Science of Georgia	ssional Development of the Ministry of					
Contact	Natia Gvirjishvili - Ministry of Educati	on and Science of Georgia					
PRIORITY		5 Improvement of Human Capital and Development of Vocational Educational Institutional Capacity at Sub-National Level					
Measure	5.5 Training of Public Servants in tl	ne Regions					
Rationale	Development of institutional capacities at sub-national level is largely linked with the necessity of raising the level of qualification of local public servants, as well as State-trustee Governors' Administrations' and MRDI's civil servants						
Objectives	by the state and municipal bu	ocal authorities operational and co-funded					

Activities	 Support in developing and implementing a training system for local civil servants Support local self-governments in introducing necessary pre-conditions for their participation in the Training System Facilitate delivery of the required trainings to local authorities through the established Training system Develop knowledge and skills of local civil servants in the priority areas Support capacity building process of training providers and their connection with municipalities Support to create training modules adapted to needs of municipalities and development of training system to support local self-government reform. Training of State-trustee Governors' Administrations' and MRDI's civil servants 					
Project Selection Criteria	 Development of local civil servants' training system Training providers selected to train State-trustee Governors' Administrations' and MRDI's public servants by UNDP in coordination with CEGSTAR (LEPL Vano Khukhunaishvili Center for Effective Governance and Territorial Arrangement System Reform). 					
Target Areas, Groups, Sectors	Target Area: All municipalities of Georgia and civil servant employed in the municipalities Target Group: Civil servants of State trustee-governors' administrations and MRDI					
Indicators & Targets	 Indicators: No of municipalities with effective HR policies No of new training programmes (curricula) developed No of joint actions of the training providers and municipalities implemented; No of persons/days of trainings organized; No of local officials trained (gender disaggregated) No of trained civil servant employed in State trustee-governors' administrations and MRDI 	Result: Effective training system will be established and operate Share of trained local public servants to total local public servants will increase				
Financial Summary	Total Value by Year: 2015 - 0,5mlnGEL 2016- 0,3mlnGEL 2017 - 0,2mlnGEL	The resources are not allocated from the State Budget, no budget code				

Implementing Body			cooperation e of Georgia	to	the	Ministry	of	Regional	Development	and
Contact	Nino Ka	akuba	va - UNDP							